38th Division (1)

38th Infantry Group Headquarters

Tankette Company, 38th Infantry Group Headquarters

228th Infantry Regiment (2)

I Bn. 228th Infantry Regiment II Bn. 228th Infantry Regiment III Bn. 228th Infantry Regiment

228th Regimental Infantry Gun Company 228th Regimental Anti-Tank Gun Company

229th Infantry Regiment (3)

I Bn. 229th Infantry Regiment II Bn. 229th Infantry Regiment III Bn. 229th Infantry Regiment

229th Regimental Infantry Gun Company 229th Regimental Anti-Tank Gun Company

230th Infantry Regiment (4)

I Bn. 230th Infantry Regiment II Bn. 230th Infantry Regiment III Bn. 230th Infantry Regiment

230th Regimental Infantry Gun Company 230th Regimental Anti-Tank Gun Company

Divisional Troops

38th Mountain Artillery Regiment (6)

I Bn. 38th Mountain Artillery Regiment II Bn. 38th Mountain Artillery Regiment III Bn. 38th Mountain Artillery Regiment 38th Engineer Regiment (8)

38th Transport Regiment (9)

Divisional Medical Unit One Field Hospital

Veterinary Section

Ordnance Section

NOTES:

- 1. The Japanese 38th Division was raised in Nagoya on 30 June 1939. It was known by the Japanese as the 'Swamp Division'. It was organised as a standard Type 'B' infantry division, with an emphasis on light, or mountain, warfare, and had an establishment of about 20,000 men. It trained extensively in night operations in the run-up to the invasion of Hong Kong, which paid off in the assault on the Shing Mun Redoubt, and breaching the 'Gin Drinker's' Line. Initially, the division was deployed to join the Japanese 21st Army in the Guangdong Province of China. The 21st Army was dissolved in February 1940, so the division came under command of The South Army. On 28 June 1941, it was incorporated into the Japanese 23rd Army. The division was deployed along the border with Hong Kong, and prepared for the anticipated invasion of the British colony, which took place on 7 December 1941. Major General T. SANO commanded the division during the invasion of Hong Kong. The division later served in the battle for Java, and in New Guinea. The division was reinforced by the 66th Regiment, which was used to garrison the mainland, while the division assaulted Hong Kong Island.
- 2. Colonel Teihichi DOI commanded this regiment in 1941.
- 3. Colonel Tanaka RYOSABURO commanded this regiment.
- 4. Colonel Toshishige SHOJI commanded this regiment.

SOURCES:

Websites

- 1. Fire & Fury http://www.fireandfury.com/orbats/pachongkong1941japanese.pdf
- 2. The Imperial Japanese Army in the Second World War http://www.1jma.dk/articles/1jmalJAc2.htm